Terms of the Law of Scotland.	Terms of the Law of England.
passing from a suit expressly, (which the Civilians call Litis Renunciatio) bid. prolestation for not insisting. — — —	Retraxit, when the plaintiff or demandant comes in person, and says he will proceed no further, which is so called from that official word in the Entry. Nolle prosequi.
passing from a suit or action tacitly by letting it fall —	Non suit. discontinuance of process.
(7) Rash vbo Tillos — — — — — — — — —	An Action of Debt lies against the Executor of an Original Debtor, or against his Heir, if payment cannot be recovered from the Executor. But neither Heir nor Executor is subjected to the Testators debts except in so far as the former has Assets per descent, and the latter Assets only mains, in his Hand, that is for so much as they got by him: Assets being derived from the Fr. Asser, Enough.
pasturage, or pascuage (Common) — — — — — —	Common of pasture, Herbage, a Right of putting beasts to pasture in another mans Soil, or of feeding his Cattel in the Ground of another person. ~~Cattel [illegible]~~
Taking other mens cattel into any ground at a certain Rate per week — — — —	Agistment. ~~[illegible]~~
The determining what number of Cattel each of those who have Right of common pasturage should keep upon the common or orbient Tenement, according to the respective Rents of the dominant Tenements, and assigning them particular Rooms proportionable thereto by Souming and Rouming. — — —	A measurement of pasture, that none may surcharge the common with more cattel than they ought.
	A party is impleaded for overcharging or overstocking a common with his cattel by a writ called Superonerations pasturæ.
patron, or one who hath Right to present to a Benefice — — — — — — —	Advowee or Advowee (Advocatus) so called because they who originally had Right to any Benefice were not only Benefactors to it but also its Advocates to maintain the Rights and properties thereof.
one of two patrons of the same church — patron of a moiety thereof	
patron (chief) — — — — — — — —	Patron paramount advowee paramount
patronage, or the power of presentation — —	Advowson or Advoutson (Advocatio)
patronage annexed to Land — — —	Advoutson Appendant
unannexed patronage or a separate Right of it —	Advoutson in Gross.
patronage held in his person — — —	medietas advocationis, a moiety of the advowson
Legal Remedies for maintaining one in the Exercise of a Right of patronage —	Where I have purchased an Advoutson, and upon the Incumbents death another presents his clerk thereto when the Church is void, or disturbs me to present; I may have a writ called Quare Impedit against the disturber.
	Where a Man who formerly presented, or whose predecessors presented, is disturbed in the Exercise of his Right of Advoutson; he may be redressed upon a writ called, Assise Darrein presentment, Assisa ultima præsentationis: Darrein being a corruption of the Fr. dernier last.
	When a persons contending in law with another for the Right of presenting and fearing that the Bishop will admit his Adversaries clerk, during the suit between them, he may within

(7) or Bar of action. Growing from a mans own Deed, who hath or otherwise might have had his action.
(3) one who lends money upon Goods — pawnee, pawn-Broker.

Terms of the Law of Scotland.	Terms of the Law of England.
	Six calendar Months after the Abeydance, sue a writ called No Admittas. But if such writ is not brought within that time, the Bishop may confer it by Lapse. If the Bishop do after the Writ Admittas, is in due time presented to him admit the Adversaries Clerk before Elapsing of the Six months, there lies against the Bishop a Writ called Quare Incumbrabit, wherein the partie grieved shall have Judgment to recover Damages.
peculium — — — — — — — —	A peculiar patrimony.
pendent in pendente, in expectation and Intendment of law, [illegible] pendente lite bot process —	In Abeyance or abbeyance. Hanging the plea or suit, pending the suit.
pendicles, or parts and pertinents —	Appendants.
pension annual — — — — — —	Annuity.
peremptor — — — — — — —	peremptory, fixed.
peremptor (A) or peremptory defence (bid. defence) — — — — — —	A plea in Bar.
permutation — — — — — —	Barter, Exchange of Goods for goods.
personal objection, Argumentum ad Hominem —	Estoppel, from the Fr. Estouper, to stop, or Impediment (7)
personam standi (having) in Judicio, habens agere —	[illegible]
pertinents (pertinentia) — — — — —	Appurtenances, Appendants, dependances, appendages
pertaining to — — — — — —	Incident to.
petition or Bill, a Request of a party in writing, setting forth some Matter or cause whereupon he prays some thing may be granted or done for him —	petit, petition, prayer
To present or offer a petition — — —	To prefer or exhibite a petition
To petition — — — — — —	To pray
petitioners, suppliants (bid. complainer) —	orators.
Petand Gallows, Fossa et furca —	drowning and hanging.
pleaders — — — — — — —	Kidnapping
pledge, a pledge of goods for sure payment of money lent —	pawn.
(3) one who borrows money upon goods —	pawnee.
plenishing or Houshold plenishing — — —	Houshold Furniture, Implements of houshold. Houshold-goods, utensils, houshold-stuff.
plea, res litigiosa — — — — —	A Thing Litigated in a court of Justice: a chose in action a thing in dispute
The Buying of pleas — — — — —	The commerce of Assignments of Litigious Rights.
pleadings (Condescendence, Reply, Duply, Triply, quadruplicate) —	Arguments, that which either party alledges for himself in courtin a cause, they depending to Issue.
To plead principally and go to the merits of the cause —	To plead in Bar, plead in Chief, to plead to the action
a pleadable point or mule point —	Moot-cases.
plough	
Sufficient Timber and wood necessary for plough Gear — — — — —	plough-bote, from plough the Saxon, and Bote compensation
pound (A) or Thing pounded (Namus) — —	Distress.
To recover or get back a pound — — —	To replevy or recover a distress. ~~[illegible]~~
pounding of goods — attachment of goods.	~~[illegible]~~
pounding of goods of foreigners found in some liberty or privileged place to satisfy their debts, within such liberty —	~~[illegible]~~
— a foreign attachment	~~[illegible]~~
bid. Arrestment	~~[illegible]~~
To pound (in Latin Namare, distringere, nancapere) to distrain, to —	To distrain or distress, to make or take a distress, [illegible]
pounder — — — — — — distrainer	ciate, to attach one's goods.
pound fold —	A pound, a pin-fold, a place to pen up cattle in.
Detaking a pound fold and taking away cattle or other things out —	A pound-Breach.
pounding, distraining, Namation	Distress, making a distress upon goods, [illegible] by distress, impounding, putting in a pound, attachment of goods: [illegible]
	[illegible] giving security to the Sheriff that he will prosecute his Action against the party distraining, and retain the