

Secretary of State subscribes to the same, or to an Abbreviated or Pocket thereof. All summonses for sitting Persons before the Lords of Session, Letters of horning Inhibition Arrestment and other personal and Real Diligences, signatures and precepts Under the signet, and all Writs Under the great seal, quarter seal or privy seal, are issued forth in the Kings Name and by his authority. His Majesties testimony of anything done in his presence, is of as high a Nature and Goodly as any Record. And in all his Writs sent for the discharge of Justice, he uses no other Witness but himself Viz. God ~~him~~ himself.

up². No Statute binds with the King, except he be ^{expressly} named therein. ^{unless they concern the common wealth, Publick Liberty, or Trade &c} For the common words, no person or persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, do not bind him, Bokenham p. 32. Hawkins p. 6. Br. lib. 2 chapp. 42 & 53. But the King may take Benefit of Any Act, tho he is not named. Co. 1. ibid. & 5 Rep. 14. 11 Rep. 71.

5 Rsp. 14. 11 Rsp. 71.

The King hath a prerogative with Relation to Courts, and diligences for payment of his debts & revenues and debts owing to him. If his Majesty's causes are presented to be called after seeing and returning of the process, without entry in the Books of Enrolment, and for that end are now generally put up in the Regulate Roll. If in doubtful cases longer procrastination pro Regis officio in pursuing or defending his causes, both not wrong his Majesty, but may be supplied by their successors in office without necessity of Deduction Act 14 Parl. 16. C. 6. The Judgment is never final against the King, Finch 46. But it always with a salvo Juris Regis. Thus a fairly extracted Decret in foro in the session doth not work the Effect of Res Judicata against the King; but may be Overturned upon Inquiry, or upon ground proposed and Repelled, or Compotent to have been proposed and omitted in the plea. A Charter by process with a Clause ~~do~~ do not damn, that the Effect against the King, only to secure the property from being seized by Maledice, forfeiture Recognition, purpresture, &c.

Disclaimation; and doth not Exclude Any Casualty bur-
ning only the property, as Ward Marriage, non entry liferent
Escheat, unless the same be Particularly Expresses: because
such chaüges are sometimes overlooked by the Barons of
Exchequer. Again, albeit the Kings Vassals holding
Blanch are liable only for their Blanch Duties if they re-
quire within the Year, and not to be Charged for sums of
Money as the Value of thes^e Act 14 Parl. 18 J. 6. Yet the
Court of Exchequer is in use to Exact such Blanch Duties,
the of Annual Growth and Not Demanded within the Year,
and also set prices upon them. A Gift of Ward and Non-
entry by the King bearing a Right to by gone and in
time coming, till the entry of the Righteous heir, reach
only the time of the Ward and those terms thereafter,
if the lands continue in Nonentry. Possessors of lands
within a Barony of the Kings property, are Understood
to be thrust to the Mill of that Barony after Immemorial
possession of in town Milltires, and doing other good
of thirlage, as Repairing the Mill using the Mill dam
and Carrying home the Mill stone, without Any Homage
in writ. A thirlage to the Kings Mill is not taken off
by a New Charter of the lands thirlage cum Molendinis &c.
Molendinis in the Warrants only, unless it be in the Dispo-
sitive clause: Albeit such a Clause in the Warrant would
Exclude thirlage to a subjects Mill. A Possessory Pignement
cannot be objected Against the King who sheds no Reduption,
and cannot suffer prejudice by his officers. Forty Years
possession of the tithes of a parish by the Minister that
were annexed to the prebend of the Chapell Royal, as
Appears from the Books of Assumption and those pro-
portions from the King, was not found to Establish
the Right of those tithes by prescription in the person
of the Minister, in respect of the Kings Inheritance,
which cannot suffer prejudice thro the Neglect of his
officers but the said long possession was found to free
the Minister from Accounting for the tithes of Years
preceding the Citation 1 Feb. 1671. Pringle contra Pringle.