

either pay Ready money or money A/c with for them to the Value, or give bills for payment thereof within four Months if taken on this Coast the Straights of Morocco, and within 12 Months if beyond the Straights and daily pay the same at the day 28 P. & cap. 15. M. de jure Maritimo cap. 4 § 18.

For Encouraging Commanders Masters and other officers sea Men and Mariners, to Defend their own Ships, and to take or Sedition prize, when any Ship defended against pirates by fight, wherein any officers or sea men were killed or wounded, it brings to the Defigred port; the Judge of the high court of Admirality or his surrogate in the port of London, or the Mayor Bailiff or Chief officer in any out port, may upon the petition of the master or sea men, by award of four or more substantial Merchants having no interest therein, raise upon the respective Revenue and owners of the ship and goods, so Defended, a sum not Exceeding two percent of the freight and of the ship and goods according to the prime cost of the goods, and Distribute the same among the ship's remaining crew, and the widows and Children of the slain, 11 & 12 W. 3 cap. 7 § 11. junct. 6 G. 1 cap. 19 § 8. These Maimed in the fight are also admitted into Greenwich Hospital preferable to other Seamen admitted from London Monthly by age & G. 1 cap. 24 § 56 junct. 2 G. 2 cap. 28 § 5. Masters and Mariners of Merchant and Vessels carrying goods and Arms who defend their ship against pirates, or who shall utter any words to discourage others from defending her, shall if the ship be taken for their Treason to the owners, and suffer imprisonment & G. 1 cap. 24 § 56 junct. 2 G. 2 cap.

568. For Preventing Combinations and Confederacies to Run Away with or Steal any Ship goods or Merchanize, the first Discoverer gets a Reward of 10 pound if the ship or Vessel be 100 tons or under, and 15 pound if of a greater burden to be paid by the Captain or Master at the port where the sea mens Wages are payable 11 & 12 W. 3 cap. 7 § 12. junct. 6 G. 1 cap. 19 § 8. Piracy is in all Nations punished with death. This in England it is punishable by death without benefit of Clergy 28 P. & cap. 15 § 1. G. 1 cap. 11 § 7. & G. 1 cap. 24 § 4. junct. 2 G. 2 cap. 28 § 5. But before this time it was not so punished in the case of Piracy attempted on the Coast of the pirates are Overcome, and no legal judgement can be obtained; the laborers may by the Marine law immediately suffer punishment by hanging them up at the Main Yard, M. de jure Maritimo lib. 1 cap. 4 § 11 & 12. By the Law of England, where Piracy is committed upon the sea, or in any part within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty, a Commission under the great Seal is ordered to be Directed to the said Admiral and his Deputies and three or four more to be Named by the Lord Chancellor, for Enquiring of trying and Determining the Offense, according to the Common Law, in any County of England the sovereign shall Appoint, by writs of the said Countee, as if the offense had been done there upon the Land 28 P. & cap. 15. G. 1 cap. 11 § 7. & G. 1 cap. 24 § 5. junct. 2 G. 2 cap. 28 § 5. But because it was found a great trouble and Charge to send people into Foreign parts to be tried for pirates committed in remote places, as the said Statute; all Pirates felonies and Robberies committed in any place where the Admiral hath Jurisdiction, may be tried either at sea, or upon Land in any of his Majesty's Islands, Plantations, Colonies Dominions, Forts or factories, by Commission

The Statute of 28 P. & cap. 15. G. 1. cap. 11. § 7. & G. 1. cap. 24. § 4. & 2 G. 2. cap. 28. § 5. is now in force.