

6. Herofy may be tried by the court of Admiralty even in the first instance, in order to Civil punishment; McNamee ob/  
on Act 25 Parl. 2d.

shall be disabled to sue any action, or to be a Guardian,  
Executor or Administrator, or to take by any Legacy or  
Bee of Gift, or to bear any Office Civil or Military or  
bonded Ecclesiastical for God, and shall also suffer  
Imprisonment for three Years without Bail or Main-  
prize from the time of such Conviction. But none shall  
be prosecuted for such words broken, Unless Information  
of the word be given upon oath before a Justiced of  
Peace within 4 Days after they were broken, and the  
prosecution be within three Moneths after Information

9810 W.3 cap. 32.  
The Author of the History of the Inquisition  
affirms, that no kind of punishment avails in that  
country, that even death itself does not touch a  
few persons suspected thereof from the fears of the  
Inquisition.

One hundred of Roddy is not to be punished  
as a heretic by the Ecclesiastical Law if he doth not  
lie Roddy. Rich. Grey by virtue of the Ecclesiastical Law  
A. D. 16. If a heretic within four months after his  
conviction shall acknowledge and renounce his offence  
or erroneous opinion in the court where he was con-  
victed, he shall be discharged from the penal laws pro-  
vided 9 & 10 W. 3 cap. 32.

Chaps. 4.

### of Apostacy.

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Apostacy is a Departing and abandoning the true Religion; or a Renouncing the Christian faith to embrace some other Religion. The offender is called an Apostate, or Renegade. The true Diffinition of an Apostate is, that he abandons his former Religion, and a part of the faith, which he holds only a part of the faith, whosoever he may be, who renounces the whole. However a protestant leaving his former Roman Catholic in a professed family, is guilty of an Apostacy, and will be found there, or any other Professing Methodist Ad. 3, Sect. 6 Part. I. Chap. IV.